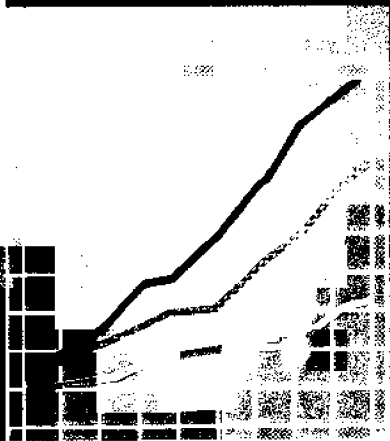


**Australian  
Bureau of  
Statistics**

# **TASMANIAN**

## **STATISTICAL INDICATORS**

April 1995





# **TASMANIAN**

## **STATISTICAL INDICATORS**

April 1995

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Australian Bureau of Statistics  
Catalogue No 1303.6



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## ENQUIRIES

For further information, contact the Information Officer on (002) 20 5800 or write to the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician, GPO Box 66A, Hobart, 7001 (Ground floor, 175 Collins Street, Hobart).

## Publications issued by the Tasmanian Office during March 1995

<i>Catalogue number</i>	<i>Publication</i>	<i>Date of release</i>
3312.6	Deaths, Tasmania, 1993	22/3/95
8635.6	Tourist Accommodation, Tasmania, December 1994	20/3/95
8731.6	Building Approvals, Tasmania, January 1995	14/3/95
8741.6	Dwelling Unit Commencements, Tasmania, December 1994	9/3/95
1303.6	Statistical Indicators, Tasmania, March 1995	9/3/95

## Symbols and other usages

The following standard symbols are used in publications of the Tasmanian Office of the Bureau:

ASIC	Australian Standard Industrial Classification
M	males
F	females
P	persons
n.a.	not available
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
n.e.i.	not elsewhere included
n.p.	not available for separate publication, but included in totals where applicable
n.y.a.	not yet available
p	preliminary — figure or series subject to revision
r	figure or series revised since previous issue
s	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
..	not applicable
—	nil or rounded to zero
— — —	break in continuity of series (where a line is drawn between two consecutive figures in the same column, or alongside two or more figures in consecutive columns)
(M)	Municipality
(C)	City

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Values are shown in Australian currency.

# Commentary

## Definitions

*Trend series estimates* are used to "smooth" data to enable longer term trends to become more noticeable. They are the preferred series to use when making a comparison over time, e.g. 12 months.

*Original series estimates* (or unadjusted estimates) are the survey data as collected, generalised to the relevant population. These estimates have not been seasonally adjusted or trend adjusted ("smoothed").

## Employment

### *States' trend series comparisons—*

The Australian and State *trend series* comparisons are given on page 24. There was an increase of 0.3 per cent in Tasmania's employment over the year to February 1995. The largest percentage increase in employment was in Queensland (5.3 per cent). The next highest percentage increase in employment was in Western Australia (4.6 per cent), followed by New South Wales (3.8 per cent) and Victoria (3.2 per cent). South Australia had an increase in employment of 2.0 per cent.

### *Regional Tasmania's original series figures—*

In the Hobart and Southern Statistical Division the estimate of *unadjusted* employment increased by 600 between December 1993 and December 1994 to 100 200. The estimate of employment in the Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division was 45 400 in December 1994, an increase of 4800 on the figure for December 1993. Employment in the Northern Statistical Division decreased by 6500 between December 1993 and December 1994 to 53 200.

(See tables 3–8, pages 2–7.)

## Unemployment

### *Tasmania's trend series figures—*

The Tasmanian provisional *trend series* estimate of 25 600 unemployed persons in February 1995 was a decrease of 700 on the figure for February 1994 of 26 300. The estimate of the unemployment rate of 11.6 per cent in February 1995 was a decrease compared to the estimate of the unemployment rate of 11.9 per cent in February 1994.

(See tables 3–8, pages 2–7.)

## The labour force

### *Tasmania's trend series figures—*

In February 1995 there was an *unadjusted* estimate of 366 800 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 or more. There were an estimated 221 500 persons (based on *trend series* estimates) in the labour force. The estimate of the labour force participation rate in February 1995 was 60.4 per cent, compared with the figure of 60.6 per cent in February 1994.

For males, the estimate of the participation rate was 71.6 per cent, compared with 72.1 in February 1994. For females, the estimate of the participation rate was 49.5 per cent, compared with 49.5 per cent in February 1994.

(See table 3, page 2.)

## Employed wage and salary earners

In June 1994 there were approximately 143 100 employed wage and salary earners in Tasmania. In June 1992 the figure was 143 700 employed wage and salary earners.

In May 1994 the Tasmanian public sector accounted for 33.8 per cent of all employed wage and salary earners. Overall, the category Community services had the highest industry representation — 30.8 per cent — compared with the equivalent figure of 26.3 per cent recorded in May 1992. The next highest industry grouping was Wholesale trade and Retail trade (19.1 per cent, compared with 19.7 per cent in May 1992) and Manufacturing (13.3 per cent, compared with 15.0 per cent in May 1992).

In May 1994, women made up 45.6 per cent of employed wage and salary earners. In May 1992, the equivalent figure was 45.5 per cent.

(See table 9, page 8.)

### **Award rates of pay indexes**

The annual movement from January 1994 to January 1995 of weekly award rates of pay indexes for Tasmania rose by 0.9 per cent for full-time adult females and by 1.0 per cent for full-time adult males, for a combined annual increase of 1.0 per cent. For Australia, the figures were 0.9 per cent for females and 0.8 per cent for males, for a combined annual increase of 0.8 per cent.

For full-time adult female employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases over this twelve-month period occurred in the Wholesale and retail trade industry (2.3 per cent); Recreation, personal and other services industry (1.9 per cent); and Manufacturing industry (1.8 per cent).

For the same period for full-time adult male employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases occurred in the Community services industry (3.7 per cent); and the Wholesale and retail trade industry (1.7 per cent).

The largest occupation increases over the same period for full-time adult female employees occurred in Tradespersons (2.6 per cent); and Salespersons and personal service workers (1.5 per cent).

For full-time adult male employees the largest occupation increases over the period occurred in Plant and machine operators, and drivers (2.6 per cent); and Managers and administrators (2.3 per cent).

(See table 14, page 10.)

### **Average weekly earnings**

Seasonally adjusted average weekly total earnings for full-time adult employees in Tasmania rose by 2.1 per cent in the quarter ended November 1994. The increase was from \$622.70 at the end of August to \$636.10.

For the twelve-month period to November, average weekly total earnings in Tasmania increased by 3.8 per cent, from \$612.80 to \$636.10. This compares with the Australian increase for the same period of 4.5 per cent, from \$640.90 to \$669.80.

For full-time Tasmanian males, their weekly total earnings rose by 2.8 per cent in the year, up to \$679.00, while the level for females rose by 6.1 per cent, to \$555.70.

*Average Weekly Earnings, Australia, November 1994, ABS Catalogue No. 6302.0, released on 2 March 1995, \$15.00.*

### **Building material prices**

Prices for materials used in house building in Hobart increased by 3.8 per cent over the year ending January 1995. The highest increase for any State capital



was for Perth, which rose by 3.9 per cent, while the weighted average for the six capital cities increased by 3.1 per cent over the twelve-month period.

For materials used in other than house building, the price index for Hobart rose by 1.5 per cent for the year ending January 1995. This was well below the Australian average of 3.1 per cent for the same period, and was the lowest increase of any State.

Major contributors to the annual increase for Hobart were non-ferrous pipes and fittings (up 38.5 per cent), pre-cast concrete products (up 11.1 per cent) and structural timber (up 8.0 per cent).

At the national level, recent increases in world resins prices resulted in significant price increases for plastic-based materials.

*Price Index of Materials Used in House Building, Six State Capital Cities and Canberra, January 1995, ABS Catalogue No. 6408.0, released on 10 March 1995, \$10.00.*

*Price Index of Materials Used in Other Than House Building, January 1995, ABS Catalogue No. 6407.0, released on 10 March 1995, \$13.00.*

## House price indexes

The price index for established houses in Hobart did not increase in the December quarter 1994, but still rose by 5.6 per cent over the twelve-month period. The highest increase for any capital city was for Darwin which rose by 14.6 per cent over the twelve-month period.

For project homes there was a small increase of 0.3 per cent over the quarter for Hobart, and 3.1 per cent for the year ended December 1994. The largest increase recorded was again for Darwin, which rose by 6.0 per cent for the year. The lowest increase recorded was for project homes in Melbourne, which rose by 2.0 per cent for the year.

*House Price Indexes: Eight Capital Cities, December quarter 1994, ABS Catalogue No. 6416.0, released on 8 March 1995, \$27.00.*

## Housing finance

The number of new secured housing finance commitments in Tasmania, as measured by the trend estimate, continued to decline in January 1995. The trend estimate of 934 for January 1995 was the twelfth successive monthly fall.

Between January 1994 and January 1995 the trend estimate for the number of commitments decreased by 15.9 per cent while the value decreased by 13.9 per cent. The corresponding national figures showed a 21.6 per cent decrease in the number of commitments and a 17.2 per cent decrease in the value.

*Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, ABS Catalogue No. 5609.0, released on 21 March 1995, \$13.00.*

## Building approvals

There were 218 new dwelling units approved in Tasmania during January 1995, a four per cent decrease on the number recorded for December 1994, and a 37 per cent decrease on the number recorded for January 1994 (344).

For the twelve months ended January 1995 there were 3576 new dwelling units approved, 14 per cent below the 4156 units recorded for the twelve months ended January 1994.

The latest monthly trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved show fifteen consecutive months of decline.

The highest number of dwelling units approved in January 1995 was recorded by the Municipality of Kingborough with 21, followed by the City of Glenorchy with 20, and the cities of Launceston and Clarence each with 16.

The value of new residential building approved, at current prices, in January 1995 was \$17.3 million, compared with the December 1994 figure of \$18.2 million and the January 1994 figure of \$26.0 million.

The value of new residential building approved, at average 1989-90 prices, for the December quarter 1994 was \$54.6 million compared with \$58.1 million in the September quarter 1994 and \$73.7 million in the December quarter 1993.

(See table 27, page 19.)

## **Livestock slaughtering**

### *Trend estimates—*

The January 1995 Tasmanian trend estimate for the slaughtering of cattle and calves was 4 per cent higher than that recorded in December 1994, for pigs it was only 0.5 per cent higher while for sheep and lambs it was 6 per cent below it.

The slaughtering of cattle and calves has continued to increase since the low point in June 1994. The January 1995 trend estimate was 22 100, which was 25 per cent higher than the 17 800 recorded in January 1994.

For sheep and lambs the trend series peaked in September 1994 when 107 900 was recorded. The trend estimate of 87 000 in January 1995 was 17 per cent above the 74 500 recorded in January 1994.

The trend estimate of 7600 pigs slaughtered in January 1995 was 5 per cent below the 8000 slaughtered in January 1994.

(See table 21, page 16.)

## **Retail**

The trend estimate for turnover of retail and service establishments for January 1995, in Tasmania, was \$227.3 million, a decrease of nearly two per cent on the January 1994 figure of \$231.5 million. The latest monthly trend estimate fell by 0.4 per cent. This is the sixth consecutive month in which the trend estimate has declined.

The trend estimate of turnover for January 1995, for Australia (\$9350 million), was seven per cent higher than for January 1994. Growth in the trend estimate of turnover was 0.3 per cent for January 1995. This continues the gradual easing of growth observed in earlier months.

New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia have shown increases of turnover for January similar to the national increase, with rates of growth stable or easing over recent months.

In original terms, the estimate of retail turnover in January 1995, for Tasmania, was \$220.9 million, nearly the same as recorded for January 1994. (See table 35, page 23.)

### **New motor vehicle registrations**

There were 879 new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered in Tasmania during January 1995. This was over 35 per cent less than for December (1363), but nearly 15 per cent more than the figure recorded for January 1994.

(See table 34, page 23.)

### **Private mineral exploration**

Total expenditure on mineral exploration (other than for petroleum), in Tasmania, for the December quarter 1994 was \$2.9 million. This compares with \$2.8 million in the September quarter 1994 and \$2.0 million for the December quarter 1993.

More than half of this expenditure is directed to exploration for copper, lead, zinc, silver, nickel and cobalt.

<i>Actual and Expected Private Mineral Exploration, Australia, December Quarter 1993, ABS Catalogue No. 8412.0, released on 24 March 1995, \$10.50.</i>
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## Population and Vital Statistics

Table 1. Population, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Estimated resident population at end of period</i>	<i>Natural increase (a)</i>	<i>Net estimated migration gain</i>	<i>Total population growth</i>	<i>Annual growth rate (b)</i>
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)
Year ended 30 June —					
1991	466.8	3.3	1.2	4.6	1.00
1992	469.7	3.2	- 0.3	2.9	0.62
1993	471.4	3.1	1.5	1.7	0.35
1994 p	472.4	2.9	- 1.9	1.0	0.21
Quarter					
1992 —					
September	470.1	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.51
1993 —					
September p	471.8	0.7	- 0.3	0.4	0.36
December p	472.0	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.25
1994 —					
March p	472.1	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.17
June p	472.4	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.21
September p	472.6	0.5	- 0.3	0.3	0.18

(a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual State of residence).

(b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

Table 2. Births, deaths and marriages registered, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Births</i>		<i>Deaths</i>		<i>Infant mortality (a)</i>		<i>Marriages</i>	
	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>Deaths</i>	<i>Rate (c)</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>
Year ended								
31 December —								
1989	6 813	14.96	3 690	8.10	72	10.6	3 111	6.83
1990	7 043	15.25	3 713	8.04	63	8.9	3 026	6.55
1991	6 857	14.69	3 666	7.86	59	8.6	3 069	6.58
1992	6 956	14.81	3 722	7.92	42	6.0	3 081	6.56
1993	6 804	14.43	3 618	7.67	37	5.4	3 055	6.48
Quarter								
1992 —								
September	1 760	..	1 041	..	11	6.3	396	..
1993 —								
September	1 710	..	993	..	11	5.8	431	..
December	1 647	..	878	..	4	3.0	786	..
1994 —								
March	1 759	..	917	..	11	6.3	914	..
June p	1 571	..	946	..	10	6.4	829	..
September p	1 706	..	1 174	..	8	6.8	378	..

(a) Registered deaths of children under one year of age. (b) Rate per 1000 of estimated mean population. (c) Rate per 1000 live births.

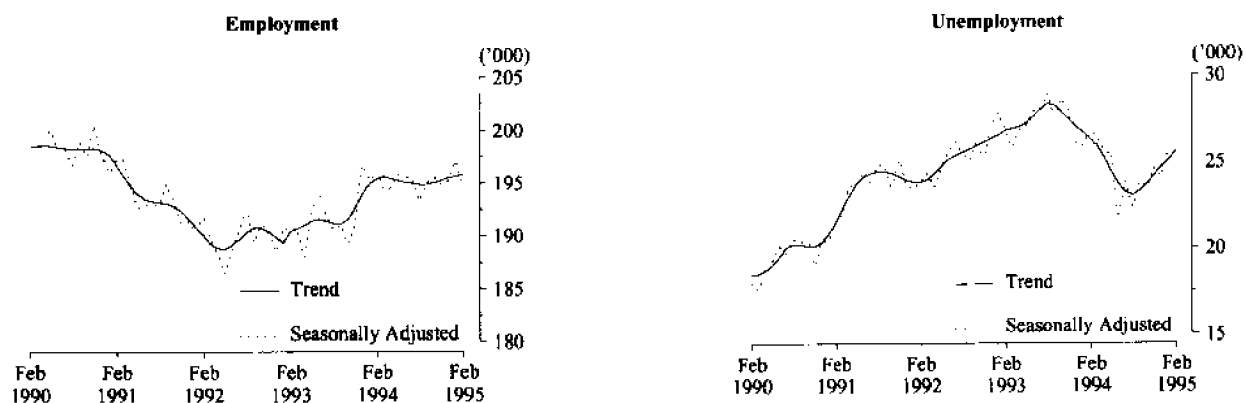
# Employment and Unemployment

## Table 3. Labour force status, Tasmania (a): Seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted series				Trend series (b)			
	Employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)	Employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
<b>MALES</b>								
1994 -								
February	112.6	17.7	13.6	72.5	112.3	17.3	13.4	72.1
March	111.9	17.7	13.7	72.1	112.4	17.0	13.2	72.0
April	112.4	16.8	13.0	71.8	112.4	16.5	12.8	71.7
May	112.5	16.2	12.6	71.6	112.3	15.9	12.4	71.3
June	112.4	14.2	11.2	70.4	112.4	15.3	12.0	71.0
July	112.5	14.7	11.5	70.7	112.6	14.8	11.6	70.8
August	112.4	14.5	11.4	70.5	113.0	14.5	11.4	70.9
September	112.9	15.0	11.7	71.0	113.5	14.5	11.3	71.1
October	115.3	14.2	11.0	72.0	113.8	14.6	11.4	71.3
November	113.5	15.0	11.7	71.4	114.0	14.9	11.6	71.5
December	114.6	14.9	11.5	71.9	113.9	15.2	11.7	71.6
1995 -								
January	113.8	15.4	11.9	71.6	113.7	15.4	11.9	71.6
February	112.2	16.3	12.7	71.3	113.5	15.7	12.2	71.6
<b>FEMALES</b>								
1994 -								
February	83.8	9.2	9.9	50.0	83.0	9.0	9.8	49.5
March	82.6	8.7	9.5	49.1	83.1	8.8	9.6	49.4
April	82.2	8.8	9.6	48.9	83.1	8.7	9.4	49.3
May	83.4	9.1	9.8	49.7	82.9	8.5	9.3	49.1
June	83.2	7.5	8.2	48.7	82.7	8.4	9.2	49.0
July	82.9	9.2	10.0	49.4	82.3	8.4	9.3	48.7
August	80.9	7.9	8.9	47.7	81.8	8.5	9.5	48.5
September	82.2	8.8	9.7	48.9	81.5	8.8	9.7	48.5
October	80.3	9.3	10.3	48.1	81.3	9.1	10.0	48.5
November	81.4	9.6	10.6	48.9	81.4	9.4	10.3	48.7
December	80.7	9.2	10.2	48.2	81.7	9.6	10.5	48.9
1995 -								
January	83.5	10.3	11.0	50.3	82.0	9.7	10.6	49.2
February	82.5	9.4	10.2	49.3	82.4	9.9	10.7	49.5
<b>TOTAL</b>								
1994 -								
February	196.3	26.9	12.1	61.0	195.3	26.3	11.9	60.6
March	194.5	26.4	12.0	60.4	195.6	25.9	11.7	60.5
April	194.6	25.6	11.6	60.2	195.5	25.2	11.4	60.3
May	195.9	25.3	11.4	60.4	195.3	24.4	11.1	60.0
June	195.7	21.7	10.0	59.4	195.1	23.7	10.8	59.8
July	195.4	23.8	10.9	59.9	195.0	23.2	10.6	59.6
August	193.3	22.3	10.4	58.9	194.9	23.0	10.6	59.5
September	195.1	23.8	10.9	59.8	194.9	23.3	10.7	59.6
October	195.6	23.5	10.7	59.8	195.1	23.7	10.8	59.7
November	194.9	24.6	11.2	59.9	195.3	24.2	11.0	59.9
December	195.3	24.1	11.0	59.9	195.6	24.7	11.2	60.1
1995 -								
January	197.2	25.7	11.5	60.8	195.7	25.1	11.4	60.2
February	194.7	25.7	11.7	60.1	195.9	25.6	11.6	60.4

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No.6203.0). (b) Trend series revised each month. Users should be aware that the latest observations may be revised substantially.

## Tasmanian Labour Force

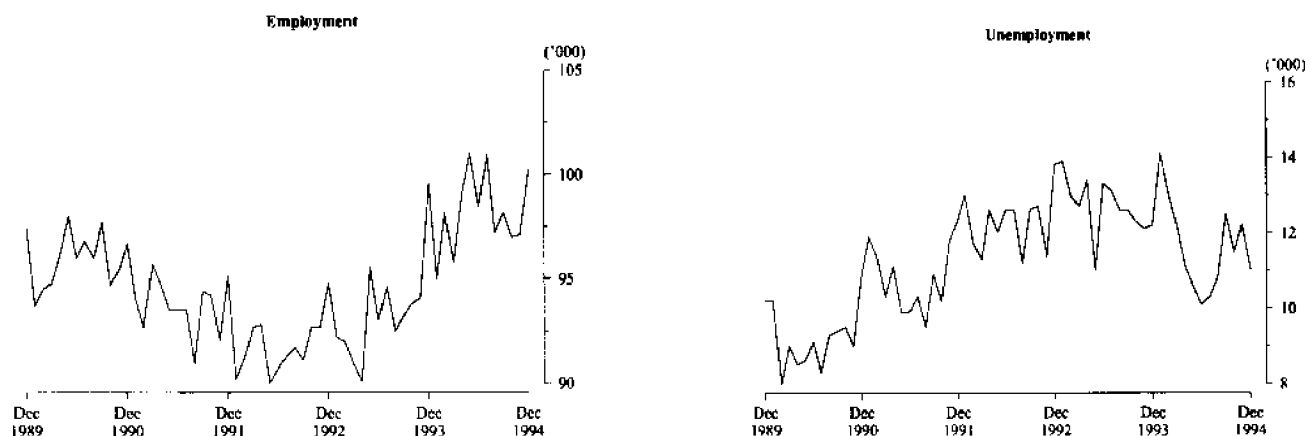


**Table 4. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, males (a) (b)**

<i>Month</i>		<i>Total employed</i>	<i>Total unemployed</i>	<i>Unem- ployment rate</i>	<i>Partici- pation rate</i>
		('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1991 -	December	54.9	7.5	11.9	73.3
1993 -	December	54.9	7.9	12.6	71.7
1994 -	October	55.1	6.5	10.6	70.4
	November	54.4	7.6	12.3	70.5
	December	57.1	6.9	10.8	72.8
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	December	33.2	3.9	10.5	74.4
1993 -	December	34.5	5.1	12.8	77.5
1994 -	October	31.9	4.1	11.4	72.3
	November	32.0	3.7	10.3	71.3
	December	32.1	4.5	12.2	73.4
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	December	26.5	4.6	14.8	74.2
1993 -	December	25.2	4.3	14.6	72.1
1994 -	October	28.0	3.4	10.7	73.5
	November	26.5	4.1	13.5	72.7
	December	27.0	4.1	13.1	73.3
TASMANIA					
1991 -	December	114.7	15.9	12.2	73.8
1993 -	December	114.6	17.3	13.1	73.4
1994 -	October	115.0	14.0	10.8	71.6
	November	112.9	15.4	12.0	71.2
	December	116.2	15.4	11.7	73.1

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

### Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions - Persons



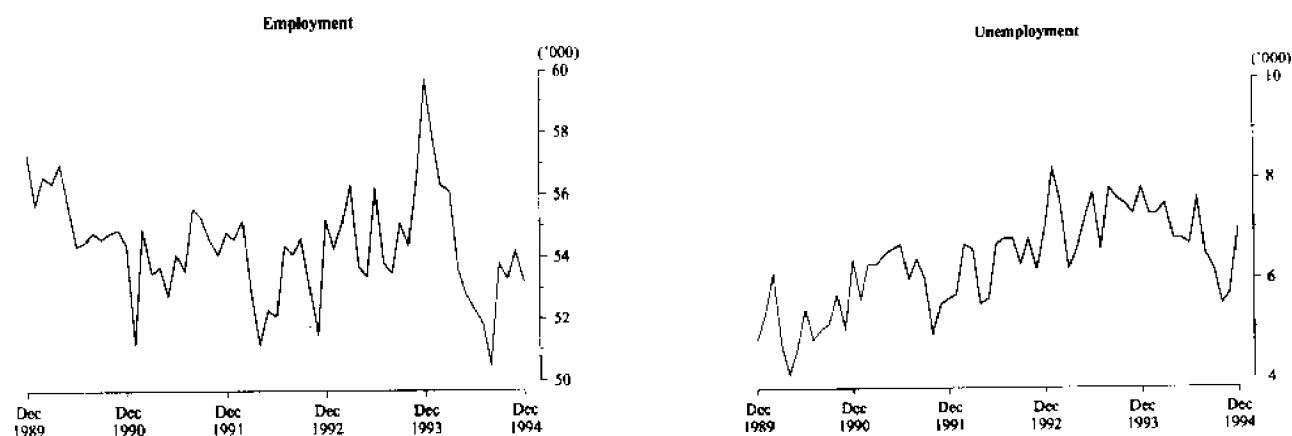
## Employment and Unemployment

Table 5. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, females (a) (b)

Comments (2) (3)					
Month		Total employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Total unemployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1991 -	December	41.4	5.0	10.7	51.7
1993 -	December	44.8	4.2	8.6	52.9
1994 -	October	41.9	4.9	10.6	51.1
	November	42.7	4.6	9.7	51.2
	December	43.1	4.1	8.6	51.3
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	December	22.1	1.8	7.5	48.8
1993 -	December	25.2	2.7	9.7	52.2
1994 -	October	21.4	1.4	6.3	44.1
	November	22.2	2.0	8.3	45.9
	December	21.0	2.5	10.6	45.0
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	December	18.8	2.9	13.2	48.5
1993 -	December	15.5	3.2	17.0	46.7
1994 -	October	17.2	2.5	12.7	45.9
	November	17.5	2.3	11.5	48.0
	December	18.4	3.1	14.3	50.9
TASMANIA					
1991 -	December	82.3	9.6	10.5	50.1
1993 -	December	85.4	10.1	10.6	51.4
1994 -	October	80.5	8.9	9.9	48.0
	November	82.5	8.9	9.7	49.0
	December	82.6	9.6	10.4	49.5

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

### Northern Statistical Division - Persons





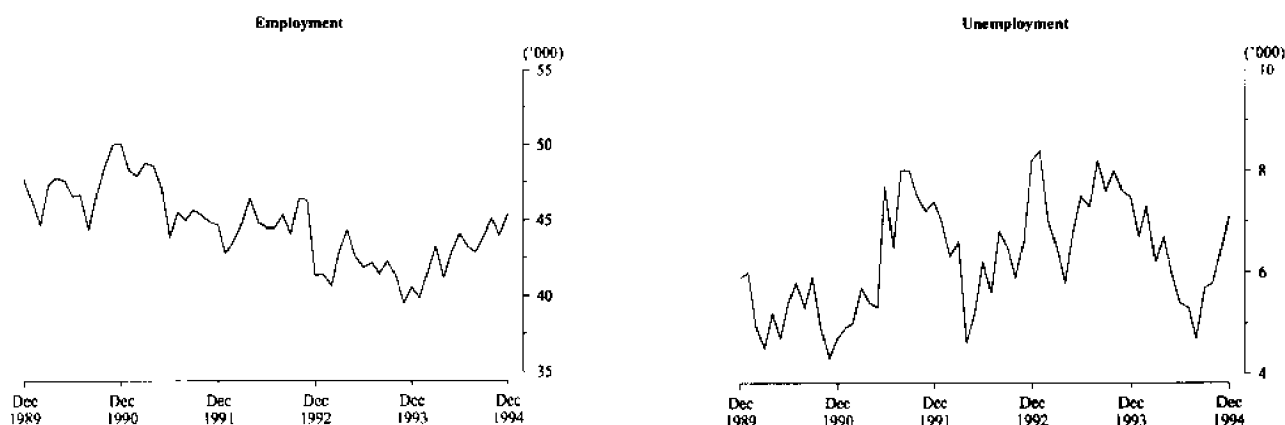
# Employment and Unemployment

Table 6. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, persons (a) (b)

Month	Total employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Total unemployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
<b>HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS</b>				
1991 - December	96.3	12.4	11.4	62.2
1993 - December	99.6	12.2	10.9	62.1
1994 - October	97.0	11.5	10.6	60.5
November	97.1	12.2	11.2	60.6
December	100.2	11.0	9.9	61.8
<b>NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION</b>				
1991 - December	55.4	5.7	9.3	61.7
1993 - December	59.7	7.8	11.5	64.6
1994 - October	53.3	5.5	9.4	57.9
November	54.2	5.7	9.5	58.3
December	53.2	7.0	11.6	58.9
<b>MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION</b>				
1991 - December	45.3	7.5	14.1	60.9
1993 - December	40.6	7.5	15.5	59.5
1994 - October	45.1	5.8	11.5	59.7
November	44.0	6.4	12.7	60.5
December	45.4	7.1	13.6	62.1
<b>TASMANIA</b>				
1991 - December	196.9	25.6	11.5	61.8
1993 - December	200.0	27.4	12.1	62.2
1994 - October	195.4	22.9	10.5	59.6
November	195.3	24.3	11.1	59.9
December	198.8	25.1	11.2	61.1

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

## Mersey Lyell Statistical Division - Persons



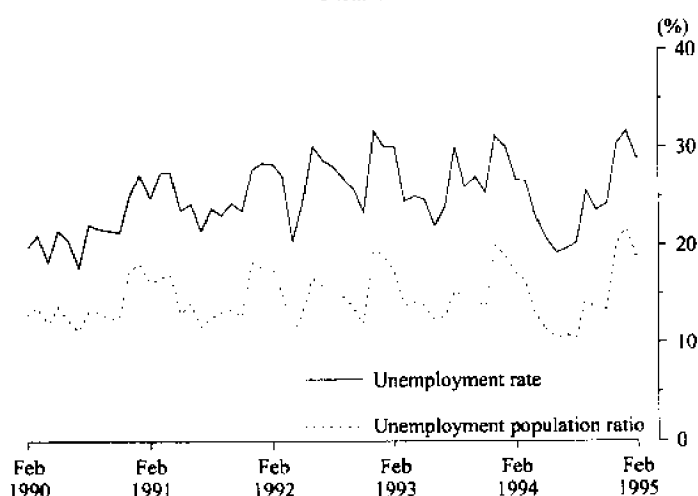
# Employment and Unemployment

Table 7. Teenage labour market (a), Tasmania (b)

Month	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemployment rate	Unemployment population ratio	Participation rate
	Full-time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total						
('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1992 - February	8.7	11.3	4.2	4.3	15.6	1.6	17.3	27.6	24.9	90.6
1994 - February	7.4	9.7	3.8	4.1	13.8	1.5	15.3	29.6	26.8	90.1
1994 - December	6.9	11.3	4.3	4.5	15.9	2.5	18.4	28.5	24.5	86.4
1995 - January	6.2	10.1	5.1	5.3	15.4	3.0	18.4	34.2	28.8	83.8
1995 - February	6.8	9.7	4.1	4.3	14.0	2.3	16.3	30.6	26.4	86.1
ATTENDING SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1992 - February	0.5	4.9	0.9	2.0	6.9	11.5	18.5	29.0	10.8	37.3
1994 - February	1.0	6.7	1.0	1.9	8.5	10.6	19.1	22.4	9.9	44.5
1994 - December	0.8	4.6	0.6	2.4	7.0	8.7	15.7	34.3	15.3	44.6
1995 - January	1.1	5.9	0.6	2.1	8.0	7.7	15.7	26.3	13.4	51.0
1995 - February	0.7	5.8	0.9	2.0	7.7	10.0	17.7	26.0	11.3	43.5
TOTAL										
1992 - February	9.2	16.2	5.1	6.4	22.6	13.1	35.7	28.2	17.9	63.2
1994 - February	8.5	16.4	4.9	5.9	22.3	12.1	34.4	26.7	17.2	64.8
1994 - December	7.6	15.9	4.9	6.9	22.9	11.2	34.1	30.4	20.2	67.2
1995 - January	7.3	16.0	5.6	7.4	23.4	10.6	34.1	31.6	21.7	68.8
1995 - February	7.5	15.5	5.0	6.3	21.8	12.3	34.0	28.8	18.5	64.0

(a) Persons aged 15-19 years. (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).

TEENAGE UNEMPLOYMENT  
Tasmania

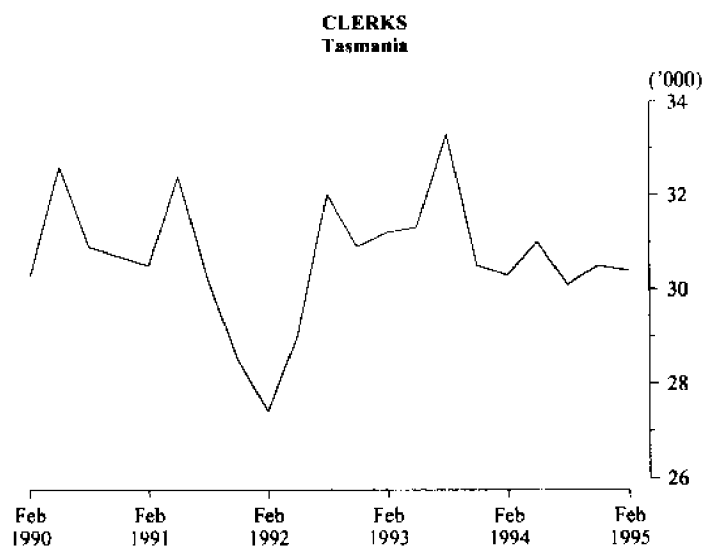


# Employment and Unemployment

## Table 8. All employed persons, occupation, Tasmania (a)

Occupation	February 1994	February 1995			Proportion of total employed	
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Feb 1994	Feb 1995
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
Managers and administrators	23.2	15.0	4.6	19.5	11.8	10.0
Farmers and farm managers	7.9	5.5	1.7	7.1	4.0	3.7
Managing supervisors	8.7	5.0	2.2	7.2	4.4	3.7
Other	6.6	4.5	0.7	5.2	3.4	2.7
Professionals	20.5	13.0	8.9	21.9	10.5	11.3
Building and professional engineers	2.1	2.1	0.1	2.2	1.1	1.1
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	2.2	2.2	1.4	3.5	1.1	1.8
School teachers	6.5	2.2	4.2	6.4	3.3	3.3
Business professionals	3.4	2.1	0.9	2.9	1.7	1.5
Other	6.3	4.4	2.3	6.9	3.2	3.6
Para-professionals	14.7	7.7	6.1	13.9	7.5	7.2
Engineering and building associates and technicians	1.9	1.5	0.2	1.7	1.0	0.9
Registered nurses	6.1	0.5	4.3	4.8	3.1	2.5
Other	6.7	5.7	1.6	7.4	3.4	3.8
Tradespersons	30.5	25.5	2.8	28.3	15.6	14.6
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	1.9	2.2	-	2.2	1.0	1.1
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	4.8	4.4	0.1	4.5	2.5	2.3
Building tradespersons	8.7	6.9	-	6.9	4.4	3.6
Other	15.1	12.0	2.7	14.7	7.7	7.6
Clerks	30.3	6.7	23.6	30.4	15.5	15.6
Stenographers and typists	4.8	0.2	3.8	4.0	2.5	2.1
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	4.5	0.5	4.2	4.8	2.3	2.5
Other	21.0	6.0	15.6	21.6	10.7	11.1
Salespersons and personal service workers	30.3	12.2	20.9	33.1	15.5	17.0
Sales representatives	2.6	1.8	0.5	2.3	1.3	1.2
Sales assistants	13.5	5.2	9.8	15.0	6.9	7.7
Other	14.2	5.2	10.6	15.8	7.2	8.1
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	15.8	14.1	1.9	16.0	8.1	8.2
Road and rail transport drivers	5.6	6.5	0.6	7.0	2.9	3.6
Machine operators	4.4	3.3	1.2	4.5	2.2	2.3
Other	5.8	4.3	0.1	4.5	3.0	2.3
Labourers and related workers	30.6	18.9	12.3	31.2	15.6	16.1
Trades assistants and factory hands	4.9	3.3	1.5	4.8	2.5	2.5
Agricultural labourers and related workers	7.4	4.2	2.8	7.0	3.8	3.6
Cleaners	7.7	1.9	4.4	6.3	3.9	3.2
Construction and mining labourers	1.9	3.0	-	3.0	1.0	1.5
Other	8.6	6.5	3.6	10.0	4.4	5.1
Total employed	195.9	113.1	81.1	194.3	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).

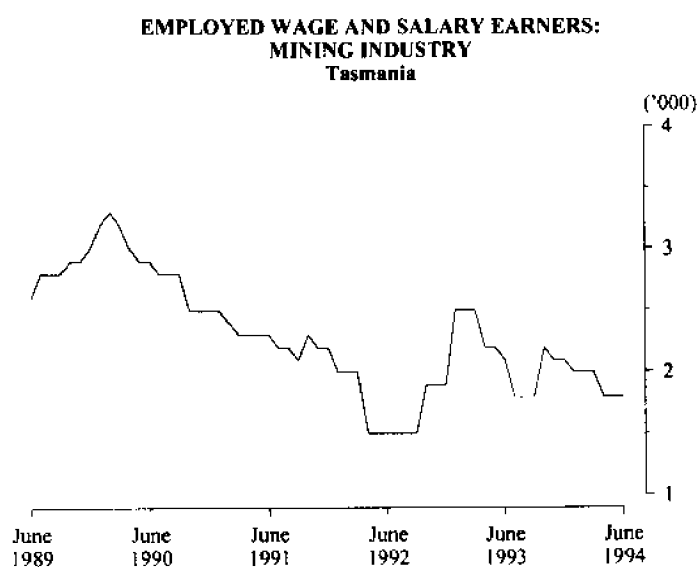


## Employment and Unemployment

Table 9. Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry, Tasmania (a)

Industry	Number of employees ('000), May 1994					Percentage distribution	
	Private	Public	Private and public			May 1992	May 1994
			Males	Females	Persons		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	n.a.	0.6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Mining	1.8	...	1.7	0.1	1.8	1.0	1.2
Manufacturing	19.2	0.1	13.9	5.4	19.3	15.0	13.3
Electricity, gas and water, construction	6.8	3.7	9.1	1.4	10.5	7.3	7.3
Wholesale and retail trade	27.6	—	16.6	11.1	27.6	19.7	19.1
Transport and storage	3.5	1.5	3.9	1.1	4.9	4.4	3.4
Communication	—	2.2	1.7	0.5	2.2	1.7	1.5
Finance, property and business services	10.6	0.9	5.0	6.5	11.5	8.9	7.9
Public administration and defence	—	9.8	6.1	3.7	9.8	7.1	6.8
Community services	15.1	29.5	15.9	28.7	44.6	26.3	30.8
Recreation, personal and other services	11.2	0.7	4.4	7.4	11.9	8.0	8.2
Total all industries	95.8	48.9	78.7	66.1	144.8	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6248.0).



# Employment and Unemployment

## Table 10. Average hours worked, Tasmania

Month	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons (a)			Average weekly overtime hours (b)		Percentage of employees working overtime (b)
	Males	Females	Persons	Per employee	Per em- ployee work- ing overtime	
1991 —						
November	39.4	27.8	34.5	1.0	6.8	15.4
1993 —						
November	38.2	26.4	33.1	1.0	6.9	14.2
1994 —						
February	37.6	25.8	32.7	1.0	6.9	14.0
May	39.4	27.2	34.2	0.9	6.4	13.9
August	39.4	26.9	34.1	1.0	6.5	15.6
November	39.8	27.2	34.5	1.2	6.9	16.7

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia*. (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0).

## Table 11. Job vacancies, Tasmania (a)

Period	Job Vacancies	
	Number	Rate (b) (%)
1991 —		
November	600	0.4
1993 —		
November	600	0.4
1994 —		
February	800	0.6
May	800	0.5
August	1 400	0.9
November	1 600	1.1

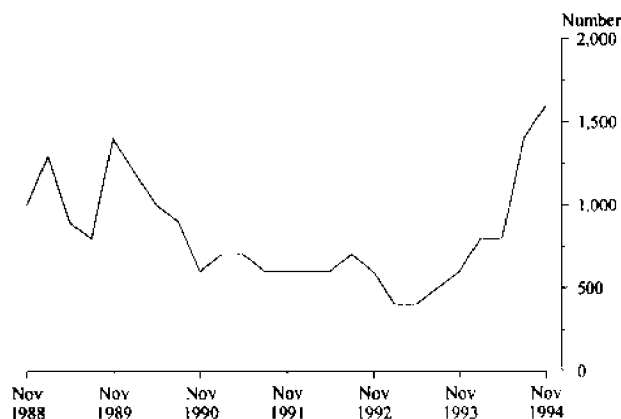
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0). (b) Job vacancies are expressed as a percentage of the number of job vacancies divided by the number of employees plus job vacancies.

## Table 12. Industrial disputes, Tasmania (a)

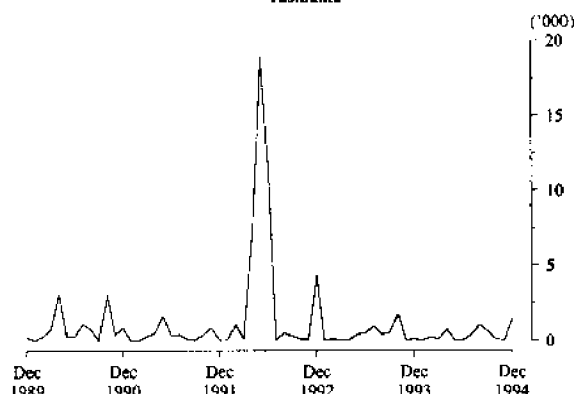
Month	Working days lost	Twelve months ending	Working days lost per thousand employees
1994 —		1994	
February	200	February	30
March	100	March	31
April	700	April	36
May	0	May	34
June	0	June	31
July	400	July	28
August	1 000	August	32
September	600	September	33
October	100	October	22
November		November	22
December	1 500	December	32
Twelve months ended 1994 —			
December	4 600		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Industrial Disputes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6321.0).

### JOB VACANCIES Tasmania



### WORKING DAYS LOST DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES Tasmania



# Wages and Prices

Table 13. Average weekly earnings of employees, Tasmania (a) (\$)

Quarter	Survey reference period	Males			Females			Persons		
		Full-time adults		All	Full-time adults		All	Full-time adults		All
		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	Weekly total earnings
1991 -										
December	15 November	572.40	605.20	548.60	494.60	500.10	373.50	547.30	571.30	468.10
1993 -										
December	19 November	624.40	659.30	599.50	518.90	525.30	391.60	588.30	613.50	501.70
1994 -										
June	20 May	621.80	662.40	602.40	526.40	537.20	387.50	589.00	619.30	499.30
September	19 August	631.20	669.40	591.50	521.00	531.60	387.90	591.80	620.10	491.70
December	18 November	634.50	677.90	600.90	541.90	557.60	396.00	602.90	636.90	501.20

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia* (Catalogue No. 6302.2).

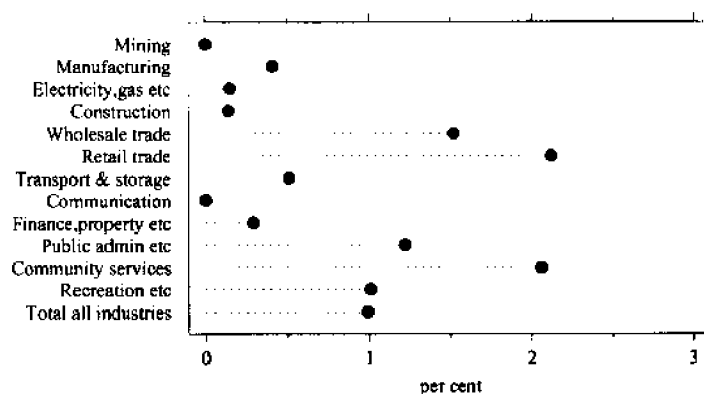
Table 14. Weekly award rates of pay indexes, full-time adult employees Tasmania (a)

(Base: June 1985 = 100.0)

Industry	1992	1994	1994		1995
	Jan	Jan	Nov	Dec	Jan
Mining	135.1	137.7	137.7	137.7	137.7
Manufacturing	143.2	146.8	147.4	147.4	147.4
Electricity, gas and water	130.9	132.0	132.2	132.2	132.2
Construction	140.4	142.4	142.6	142.6	142.6
Wholesale trade	137.0	137.8	139.9	139.9	139.9
Retail trade	136.0	136.8	139.7	139.7	139.7
Transport and storage	137.5	138.5	139.2	139.2	139.2
Communication	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4
Finance, property and business services	135.7	137.5	137.9	137.9	137.9
Public admin. and defence	133.5	147.7	149.5	149.5	149.5
Community services	139.5	140.6	141.2	141.2	143.5
Recreation, personal and other services	142.1	149.2	150.2	150.2	150.7
Total all industries	138.0	141.2	142.0	142.0	142.6

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Award Rates of Pay Indexes, Australia* (Catalogue No 6312.0).

AWARD RATES OF PAY INDEX: TASMANIA  
Annual Change to January 1995



**Table 15. Summary of annual movements in wages and prices, Tasmania**

<i>Period</i>	<i>CPI. All groups Hobart</i>	<i>Price index of materials used in house building. All groups, Hobart</i>	<i>Price index of materials used in building other than house building. All groups, Hobart</i>	<i>Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees</i>	<i>Weekly award rates of pay index, full-time adult employees</i>
<b>Percentage change from previous year</b>					
1992 —					
January	..	2.8	3.1	..	2.7
1994 —					
January	..	2.7	1.8	..	1.5
1994 —					
June	2.7	3.7	1.1	..	1.7
July	..	2.8	0.7	..	1.8
August	..	3.3	0.7	3.2	0.8
September	2.1	3.6	0.6	..	0.8
October	..	4.0	1.0	..	1.0
November	..	p 3.9	p 1.5	3.8	1.0
December	2.3	p 3.9	p 1.5	..	0.7
1995 —					
January	..	p 3.8	p 1.5	..	1.0

**Table 16. House price index numbers (a), Hobart**

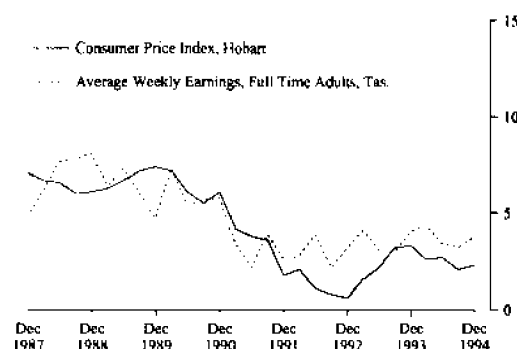
(Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.0)

	<i>Established house price index</i>		<i>Project home price index</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change (b)</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change (b)</i>
1991-92	112.0	5.4	110.1	3.5
1992-93	116.6	4.1	114.1	3.6
1993-94	122.5	5.1	117.7	3.2
1991 —				
December	112.5	1.4	109.3	0.5
1993 —				
September	119.7	0.8	116.8	0.4
December	121.4	1.4	116.9	0.1
1994 —				
March	123.0	1.3	117.8	0.8
June	126.0	2.4	119.4	1.4
September	128.2	1.7	120.1	0.6
December	128.2	0.0	120.5	0.3

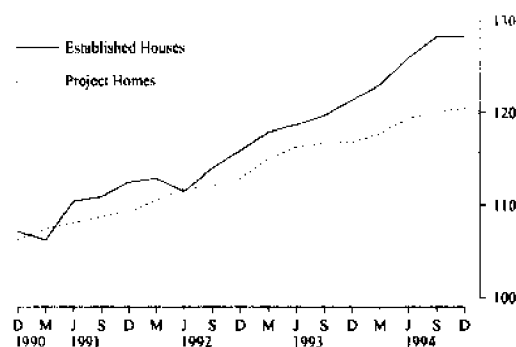
(a) Used in calculating the mortgage interest charges component of the Consumer Price Index.

(b) Percentage change over previous period.

**ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGES  
IN EARNINGS AND PRICES**



**HOUSE PRICE INDEX NUMBERS  
HOBART**



## Wages and Prices

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a)

(Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0) (b)

Year or quarter	Hobart					Tobacco and alcohol
	Food	Clothing	Housing (c)	Household equipment and operation	Transportation	
1991-92	106.1	105.7	98.8	109.1	106.9	111.5
1992-93	108.2	106.9	94.9	110.3	110.3	115.8
1993-94	111.7	106.6	94.0	111.9	112.2	133.7
Quarter						
1991 —						
December	105.8	105.8	100.6	109.4	106.8	112.1
1993 —						
December	111.7	106.8	93.4	111.8	112.3	133.4
1994 —						
March	112.6	106.4	93.3	112.2	111.9	134.3
June	112.2	106.4	94.2	112.4	112.8	134.8
September	113.9	106.6	94.8	112.8	113.9	137.2
December	113.3	105.3	97.6	113.9	115.0	139.1
Percentage change between December quarter 1993 and December quarter 1994						
	+ 1.4	- 1.4	+ 4.5	+ 1.9	+ 2.4	+ 4.3

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a) (b) (*continued*) (Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0)

Year or quarter	Hobart				Weighted average of eight capital cities (c)	
	Health and personal care	Recreation and education	All groups		Percentage change over previous period	
			Index	Percentage change over previous period	Index	Percentage change over previous period
1991-92	122.7	106.1	107.1	+ 2.1	107.3	+ 1.9
1992-93	127.3	108.0	108.5	+ 1.3	108.4	+ 1.0
1993-94	136.1	110.2	111.7	+ 2.9	110.4	+ 1.8
Quarter						
1991 —						
December	122.0	106.6	107.4	+ 0.7	107.6	+ 0.9
1993 —						
December	134.5	111.0	111.6	+ 0.5	110.0	+ 0.2
1994 —						
March	137.5	109.7	111.9	+ 0.3	110.4	+ 0.4
June	137.9	111.3	112.4	+ 0.4	111.2	+ 0.7
September	138.7	111.7	113.3	+ 0.8	111.9	+ 0.6
December	138.7	113.0	114.2	+ 0.8	112.8	+ 0.8
Percentage change between December quarter 1993 and December quarter 1994						
	+ 3.1	+ 1.8	+ 2.3	..	+ 2.5	..

(a) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin *The Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods* (Catalogue No. 6461.0). (b) The CPI is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0. (c) Series from and including March 1989 has been affected by the change in treatment of mortgage interest charges.



Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials					
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel
1991-92	105.5	108.0	109.8	109.6	102.9	109.5
1992-93	108.2	111.9	113.4	109.9	104.2	111.7
1993-94	115.9	114.2	117.5	112.9	106.4	116.0
1992 —						
January	105.0	109.3	109.8	109.6	102.4	109.7
1994 —						
January	114.9	115.5	116.5	110.3	106.0	116.0
1994 —						
June	122.6	115.6	117.9	120.6	107.7	116.0
July	123.4	115.6	119.6	120.6	107.7	116.0
August	123.6	115.6	118.1	120.6	107.7	116.0
September	123.4	115.6	117.7	122.4	107.7	116.0
October	123.9	115.6	118.6	122.4	107.7	116.0
November p	123.8	115.6	117.7	122.4	107.7	116.0
December p	124.1	115.8	117.7	122.5	107.7	116.0
1995						
January p	124.1	118.0	117.0	122.5	107.5	116.0
Percentage change between January 1994 and January 1995						
	+ 8.0	+ 2.2	+ 0.4	+ 11.1	+ 1.4	+ 0.0

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials						
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products (b)	Builders' hardware	Sand & aggregate	Paint & other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes & fittings
1991-92	108.0	98.7	105.2	111.9	123.6	112.3	111.9
1992-93	109.0	97.9	102.1	113.0	125.0	114.7	132.6
1993-94	109.1	100.5	106.6	115.7	129.6	114.1	133.1
1992							
January	109.7	98.6	105.1	110.9	123.6	112.6	110.5
1994							
January	109.2	101.9	105.9	116.1	129.3	114.0	131.0
1994 —							
June	107.9	97.6	106.1	116.9	132.7	114.8	162.9
July	107.9	97.6	106.1	113.0	132.7	114.8	151.6
August	107.3	99.6	106.1	111.1	132.7	116.5	155.4
September	107.2	99.6	106.1	108.8	132.7	116.9	155.5
October	107.2	99.6	106.1	111.0	133.1	117.0	162.7
November p	107.2	99.6	106.1	110.7	133.1	117.0	170.5
December p	107.2	99.6	106.1	110.6	133.1	116.7	175.2
1995							
January p	107.2	100.3	106.1	111.0	133.1	116.0	181.5
Percentage change between January 1994 and January 1995							
	- 1.8	- 1.6	+ 0.2	- 4.4	+ 2.9	+ 1.8	+ 38.5

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

(b) Previously 'Steel windows, doors, louvres and other fabricated steelwork'.

## Wages and Prices

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Period	Index numbers for special combination of building materials					
	All electrical materials		All mechanical services		All plumbing materials	
	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period
1991-92	105.6	+ 2.3	107.5	+ 2.7	108.8	+ 3.3
1992-93	103.3	- 2.2	108.1	+ 0.6	111.4	+ 2.4
1993-94	104.7	+ 1.4	109.6	+ 1.4	110.1	- 1.2
1992 —						
January	104.2	0.0	107.5	- 0.1	108.0	+ 0.2
1994 —						
January	104.6	+ 1.0	110.0	0.0	109.3	+ 0.6
1994 —						
June	105.9	+ 0.8	111.0	+ 1.2	120.2	+ 9.0
July	106.5	+ 0.6	110.8	- 0.2	116.2	- 3.3
August	106.9	+ 0.4	111.0	+ 0.2	118.1	+ 1.6
September	107.1	+ 0.2	111.1	+ 0.1	118.1	—
October	107.5	+ 0.4	111.3	+ 0.2	121.6	+ 3.0
November p	108.8	+ 1.2	112.4	+ 1.0	123.9	+ 1.9
December p	110.0	+ 1.1	112.2	- 0.2	125.8	+ 1.5
1995 —						
January p	110.7	+ 0.6	112.7	+ 0.4	127.5	+ 1.4
Percentage change between January 1994 and January 1995						
	+ 5.8	..	+ 2.5	..	+ 16.7	..

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Period	Index numbers for special combinations of building materials			
	All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services		All groups	
	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period
1991-92	107.2	+ 3.3	107.1	+ 3.1
1992-93	109.1	+ 1.8	108.2	+ 1.1
1993-94	111.0	+ 1.8	110.1	+ 1.8
1992 —				
January	107.3	+ 0.2	107.0	+ 0.1
1994 —				
January	111.3	+ 0.1	110.3	+ 0.1
1994 —				
June	111.3	+ 0.4	110.5	+ 0.5
July	111.6	+ 0.3	110.8	+ 0.3
August	111.6	—	110.9	+ 0.1
September	111.7	+ 0.1	111.0	+ 0.1
October	112.2	+ 0.4	111.4	+ 0.4
November p	112.1	- 0.1	111.7	+ 0.3
December p	112.2	+ 0.1	111.8	+ 0.1
1995 —				
January p	112.4	+ 0.2	112.0	+ 0.2
Percentage change between January 1994 and January 1995				
	+ 1.0	..	+ 1.5	..

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania

Year or month	Dairy products (a)			Staff-hours worked (b)	
	Whole milk (d)	Factory butter (e)	Factory cheese	Textile manufact-uring (f)	Vegetable preserving
	(million litres)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	('000)	('000)
1991-92	371.9	5 589	20 022	1 549	2 068
1992-93	412.9	6 287	20 043	1 740	1 915
1993-94	447.3	7 846	22 461	1 575	2 002
1991 —					
December	50.1	660	2 896	94	178
1993					
December	58.1	801	3 315	109	146
1994 —					
October	63.3	1 008	3 067	136	126
November	65.7	1 194	3 235	144	145
December	61.4	981	2 822	111	181

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania  
(continued)

Year or month	News-print	Refined zinc	Metal. refin. index (c)	Electricity	Gas
	('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)		(million kW.h)	('000 MJ)
1991-92	202.8	206.0	110.0	8 967	63 377
1992-93	228.4	212.0	109.4	8 864	61 432
1993-94	208.9	193.8	105.5	8 855	55 767
1991 —					
December	19.8	16.0	108.5	689	3 969
1993 —					
December	14.9	16.0	108.6	703	3 449
1994 —					
October	15.8	16.9	101.2	730	4 025
November	15.0	14.9	95.2	680	3 605
December	16.7	15.2	98.6	664	3 160

(a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation. (b) Changing productivity per staff-hour makes these indicators unsatisfactory for long-term comparisons. (c) Metallurgical refining index (Base: 1979-80 = 100.0) Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979-80 Manufacturing Census. For multi-product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product. (d) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake. (e) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil. (f) Includes spinning, weaving and carpet making. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in the one plant.

## Production

Table 20. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania: numbers ('000)

Year or month	Cattle			Sheep	Lambs	Pigs
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves			
1991-92	104.7	93.6	32.3	446.7	489.8	84.8
1992-93	99.0	90.4	32.7	473.4	456.5	92.5
1993-94	101.8	85.2	23.2	526.1	437.8	95.8
1992 — January	9.8	9.1	0.1	56.6	50.6	6.3
1994						
January	8.7	6.1	0.1	50.1	34.1	6.6
February	7.6	6.9	0.1	60.4	38.1	6.6
March	11.4	8.1	0.1	68.6	49.0	8.2
April	9.5	8.3	0.2	41.3	37.6	7.5
May	9.5	9.1	0.2	49.6	38.7	7.8
June	8.8	7.5	0.4	55.3	52.6	9.9
July	6.4	5.3	1.4	31.7	39.3	7.6
August p	5.9	4.3	8.4	20.9	36.9	7.2
September p	6.3	5.7	11.6	39.4	37.2	7.9
October p	6.2	6.9	2.9	36.2	30.4	6.7
November p	9.3	7.5	0.5	63.2	37.3	8.0
December p	11.3	9.2	0.1	64.2	41.3	9.7
1995 — January p	11.3	7.9	0.1	50.2	40.7	5.8

Table 21. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania:  
seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted			Trend series (a)		
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
1992 January	20 153	80 570	7 344	19 986	81 417	6 994
1994 —						
January	16 899	69 764	8 653	17 759	74 492	8 024
February	15 688	76 627	7 679	17 331	73 905	7 990
March	17 716	85 883	7 512	16 806	75 753	7 908
April	16 493	65 114	7 361	16 340	80 600	7 853
May	16 510	77 913	7 944	16 091	87 411	7 832
June	17 095	115 865	8 709	16 082	95 226	7 866
July	13 316	91 693	7 653	16 437	102 816	7 876
August	17 070	106 612	7 502	17 135	107 488	7 819
September	20 514	126 054	8 045	18 184	107 911	7 715
October	18 826	96 647	7 134	19 348	104 253	7 631
November	18 250	101 293	7 863	20 413	98 682	7 594
December	24 722	95 661	7 650	21 306	92 206	7 574
1995 — January	20 561	71 311	7 556	22 127	86 991	7 614

(a) Trend estimates may be revised as data for later months become available.

Table 22. Meat production, Tasmania (tonnes)

Year or month	Meat (carcass weight)					
	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pigmeat (a)	Total
1991-92	45 266	665	8 355	8 070	5 168	67 524
1992-93	44 925	692	8 949	7 456	5 749	67 770
1993-94	47 458	515	9 992	7 047	6 019	71 031
1992 —						
January	4 529	5	1 073	826	378	6 811
1994 —						
January	3 966	1	959	550	414	5 891
February	3 784	1	1 208	586	411	5 990
March	5 117	3	1 317	804	514	7 754
April	4 537	5	784	616	477	6 419
May	4 970	8	929	634	470	7 011
June	3 962	10	1 030	864	728	6 594
July	2 789	39	628	715	334	4 505
August p	2 449	207	415	686	514	4 272
September p	2 824	424	773	386	549	4 955
October p	3 160	125	723	565	474	5 047
November p	4 143	18	1 277	657	493	6 587
December p	5 104	10	1 275	691	649	7 731
1995 —						
January p	4 790	11	971	681	381	6 833

(a) Includes pork used for production of bacon and ham.

Table 23. Principal mineral concentrates produced, Tasmania

('000 tonnes)

Year or quarter	Concentrate								
	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Iron pyrite	Lead	Lead-copper	Lead-zinc	Tin	Tungsten	Zinc
1991-92	97.4	1 451.6	80.2	86.2	5.5	84.9	10.7	0.5	335.0
1992-93	107.6	1 458.9	94.5	90.7	1.2	69.5	12.1	0.0	454.3
1993-94	128.1	1 565.9	87.9	93.4	0.0	57.5	13.4	0.0	316.5
1991 —									
September	27.6	378.0	20.9	25.2	1.5	22.9	3.0	0.2	91.4
1993 —									
June	29.7	381.6	26.4	22.4	0.0	22.0	3.4	0.0	83.0
September	28.9	440.9	24.0	29.4	0.0	21.8	3.4	0.0	80.9
December	31.1	384.8	20.7	24.8	0.0	13.4	3.7	0.0	77.8
1994 —									
March	31.1	307.5	20.3	16.1	0.0	8.2	3.0	0.0	71.3
June	37.0	432.7	22.9	23.2	0.0	14.0	3.3	0.0	86.5
September	28.3	396.9	22.9	24.9	0.0	11.1	3.1	0.0	67.0

(Source: Tasmanian Development and Resources)

## Production

Table 24. Sawmills and plywood mills: Logs delivered and timber produced, Tasmania ('000 m<sup>3</sup>)

		Tasmanian-grown logs delivered				Sawn, peeled and sliced timber produced (a)					
		Hardwoods		Softwoods		Hardwoods		Softwoods			
Year or quarter		Other hardwoods		Plantation	Natives	Total	Other hardwoods		Plantation	Natives	Total
	Eucalypts	(b)	(c)	(d)	Eucalypts		(b)	(c)	(d)		
1991-92		470.4	8.6	325.0	1.6	805.6	162.8	3.7	130.1	0.4	297.1
1992-93		554.5	13.0	312.8	2.8	883.2	188.9	2.9	131.6	0.7	324.1
1993-94		r 584.3	15.3	299.2	1.5	r 900.4	r 203.5	3.1	r 141.0	0.5	r 348.0
1992 —	December	133.1	2.1	81.0	0.2	216.5	46.9	0.7	33.7	0.2	81.5
1993 —	March	125.9	3.9	72.9	0.3	203.0	41.4	0.7	30.6	0.1	72.7
	June	166.3	4.1	68.3	0.3	239.0	52.0	0.8	29.0	0.1	81.9
	September	r 162.3	2.0	75.6	0.4	r 240.3	r 54.4	0.7	r 33.7	0.1	r 88.9
	December	r 132.6	3.8	r 70.2	0.3	r 206.9	r 50.5	0.7	35.1	0.1	r 86.4
1994 —	March	r 140.0	5.0	r 77.4	0.4	r 222.8	r 46.5	0.6	38.1	0.1	r 85.3
	June	r 149.4	4.5	r 76.1	0.4	r 230.4	r 52.1	1.1	34.1	0.2	r 87.5
	September	r 167.9	r 3.7	r 75.3	0.6	r 247.5	r 59.1	r 1.2	34.6	0.1	r 95.0
	December	160.8	3.5	67.9	0.3	232.5	54.8	1.0	35.5	0.2	91.6

(a) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement. (b) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc. (c) Radiata pine. (d) Includes Huon pine, celery top pine and King William pine.

Table 25. Chipping and grinding of wood (a), Tasmania

Year or quarter	Materials used ('000 m <sup>3</sup> ) (c)				Chipped and ground wood production ('000 tonnes green weight)
	Producing locations (no.) (b)	Logs delivered (d)	Sawmill offcuts		
1991-92	33	3 173.1	283.8		3 356.0
1992-93	31	3 350.6	295.8		3 565.8
1993-94	30	3 448.8	339.8		3 726.1
1992 —	December	32	756.0	75.1	820.6
1993 —	March	31	805.0	62.2	826.7
	June	30	902.7	76.0	960.6
	September	31	970.4	88.3	1 027.9
	December	31	818.5	96.9	885.8
1994 —	March	31	818.3	71.3	868.3
	June	30	841.6	83.3	944.0
	September	30	939.8	86.3	991.3
	December	31	1 065.8	92.0	1 115.4

(a) Both hardwoods and softwoods, separate details are not available. (b) Capable of producing at end of year or actually producing during quarter. (c) Data reported by weight, converted to cubic measure by the factor 0.95 m<sup>3</sup> per tonne. (d) Includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.

Table 26. Logs delivered for milling or chipping, Tasmania ('000 m<sup>3</sup>)

		Sawmilling and plywood milling			Chipping and grinding (a)			Total		
Year or quarter		Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total
1991-92		608.5	197.1	805.6	1 757.2	1 415.9	3 173.1	2 365.7	1 613.0	3 978.7
1992-93		698.9	184.3	883.2	1 753.4	1 597.2	3 350.6	2 452.3	1 781.5	4 233.7
1993-94		r 696.5	r 203.9	r 900.4	1 697.0	1 751.8	3 448.8	r 2 393.5	r 1 955.7	r 4 349.2
1992 —	December	173.2	43.3	216.5	408.0	348.0	756.0	581.2	391.2	972.5
1993 —	March	150.6	52.4	203.0	437.1	367.9	805.0	587.8	420.3	1 008.0
	June	191.8	47.2	239.0	473.3	429.4	902.7	665.1	476.6	1 141.7
	September	r 181.7	r 58.5	r 240.3	488.1	482.2	970.4	r 669.8	r 540.7	r 1 210.7
	December	r 161.7	r 45.2	r 206.9	417.5	401.0	818.5	r 579.2	r 446.2	r 1 025.4
1994 —	March	r 170.9	r 51.9	r 222.8	393.7	424.6	818.3	r 564.6	r 476.5	r 1 041.1
	June	r 182.2	r 48.3	r 230.4	397.7	443.9	841.6	r 579.9	r 492.2	r 1 072.0
	September	r 197.1	r 50.4	r 247.5	481.0	458.8	939.8	r 678.1	r 509.1	r 1 187.2
	December	178.1	54.4	232.5	467.9	597.8	1 065.8	646.1	652.2	1 298.3

(a) Logs used are generally below sawmilling standard; includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets. (b) Comprises all areas (including concession areas) from which

Table 27. Building approvals, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building				Value of alter- ations and additions (a) to residential building	Value of non-residential building (b)		Total value of building
	No. of houses	No. of other residential buildings (c)	Total no. of dwelling units	Value of total dwelling units		Private	Total	
1991-92	2 869	1 034	3 903	260 296	32 637	68 980	105 941	398 873
1992-93	2 956	1 138	4 094	275 262	33 050	62 416	103 107	411 419
1993-94	3 113	1 034	4 147	301 963	39 522	81 251	145 922	487 407
1992 January	228	96	324	20 517	2 327	10 274	11 688	34 532
1994 — January	233	111	344	25 992	3 095	10 492	11 816	40 902
1994 — October	265	60	325	25 686	3 963	7 981	9 340	38 988
November	222	63	285	21 163	3 429	4 889	18 104	42 696
December	205	23	228	18 247	2 609	26 814	27 374	48 230
1995 — January	178	40	218	17 293	2 868	5 391	13 761	33 921

(a) Valued at \$10 000 and over. (b) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$30 000 and over from July 1988, and valued at \$50 000 and over from July 1990. Previous figures are for values of \$10 000 and over. (c) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

#### VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVALS Tasmania

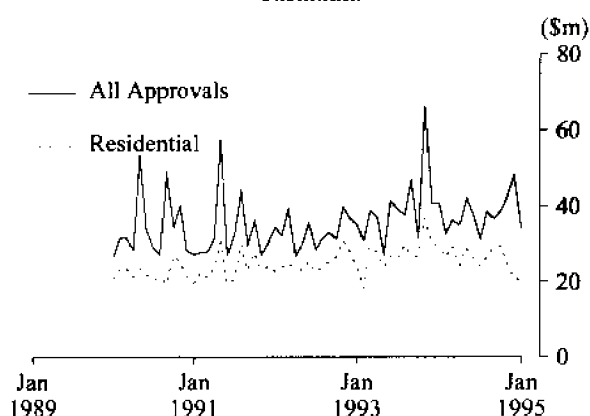


Table 28. Dwelling commencements, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building						No. of other residential buildings (a)	Total no. of dwell- ing units
	No. of houses					Total houses		
	Double brick	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Other and not stated			
1991-92	238	1 866	67	500	78	2 749	1 024	3 773
1992-93	277	1 933	103	447	65	2 825	1 129	3 954
1993-94	306	2 120	103	441	79	3 049	973	4 022
1991 — December	16	113	3	40	12	184	79	263
1993 — December	15	175	7	46	16	259	52	311
1994 — September	21	188	11	32	3	255	63	318
October	11	182	10	35	5	243	53	296
November	11	182	10	34	3	240	124	364
December	6	116	6	36	6	170	39	209

(a) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m)

Month	Deposits				Statement savings accounts
	Current bearing interest	Current – not bearing interest	Fixed	Investment savings accounts	
1994 —					
March	520	309	1 204	600	193
April	512	319	1 194	604	195
May	509	301	1 208	605	196
June	514	303	1 232	609	197
July	519	310	1 256	614	199
August	516	304	1 346	616	199
September	517	305	1 379	619	202
October	531	304	1 377	622	202
November	548	301	1 413	618	199
December	562	312	1 481	607	198
1995 —					
January	553	298	1 520	600	194

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m) (continued)

Month	Deposits — continued			Loans (c)
	Passbook/School savings accounts	Other	Total	
1994 —				
March	256	162	3 244	3 646
April	256	161	3 242	3 673
May	253	158	3 230	3 718
June	251	157	3 263	3 841
July	249	150	3 297	3 872
August	244	152	3 375	3 886
September	237	150	3 408	3 883
October	231	153	3 420	3 920
November	228	154	3 460	3 975
December	222	152	3 534	4 001
1995 —				
January	219	150	3 533	4 027

(a) Due to changes to the *Banking Act 1959* in December 1989, which removed the distinction between trading and savings banks, figures previously published in this table are no longer comparable with those shown above. (b) Details are the averages of weekly figures for each month. The figures are derived from returns submitted by banks authorised under the *Banking Act* together with similar returns voluntarily submitted by the State banks; they exclude the Reserve Bank. (c) Excludes non-resident loans.

Table 30. Private new capital expenditure by type of asset, Tasmania (a) (\$m) (revised)

Year or quarter	New buildings and structures	Equipment, plant, and machinery	Total
1989–90	88	487	575
1990–91	180	416	596
1991–92	79	359	438
1992–93	104	342	446
1993–94	98	343	441
1993 —			
June	35	91	126
September	18	83	101
December	15	79	94
1994 —			
March	15	58	73
June	51	122	173
September	25	89	114

(a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only — mining, manufacturing, finance, property and other selected industries.



Table 31. Passenger arrivals and departures, Tasmania (a)

(Source: Department of Tourism, Sport &amp; Recreation)

Period	Arrivals				Cruise ships		
	By air		By sea	Total	Total departures (b)	Arrivals	
	Interstate	Inter-national				Arrivals	Departures
1991	625 366	5 897	131 375	762 638	764 731	6 720	6 663
1992	652 092	4 428	114 969	771 489	761 109	4 608	4 608
1993	694 244	5 144	115 381	814 769	814 835	2 033	2 033
1994	745 508	4 166	128 644	878 318	880 936	56 592	6 592
1993 —							
December	74 056	391	15 348	89 795	72 362	600	600
1994 —							
October	61 361	422	11 466	73 249	71 846	980	980
November	63 701	338	10 707	74 746	73 918	482	482
December	78 749	419	13 433	92 601	79 187	—	—

(a) The following persons are not included in these statistics: passengers under three years of age accompanied by an adult; passengers travelling on chartered flights with minor carriers; passengers travelling on private or VIP flights; and passengers from or departing for overseas other than direct flights to New Zealand. (b) The proportion of departing passengers who were visitors was shown to be about 58 per cent in the 1981 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, 55 per cent in the 1984 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, about 53 per cent in the 1986 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, almost 65 per cent in the 1990 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, and just over 58 per cent in the 1993 Tasmanian Visitor Survey.

Table 32. Total passenger arrivals by air and sea into Tasmania

Period	Original	Seasonally adjusted (a)	Trend
1993 —			
December	89 795	70 896	69 538
1994 —			
October	73 249	72 248	75 984
November	74 746	79 140	74 845
December	92 601	73 654	75 796

(a) There is an annual recalculation of seasonal adjustment factors to include the most recent year's arrivals. This occurs at the end of each financial year and may cause revisions to previously published seasonally adjusted and trend figures. A full time series of seasonally adjusted and trend series from January 1971 is available on request, telephone (002) 20 5870.

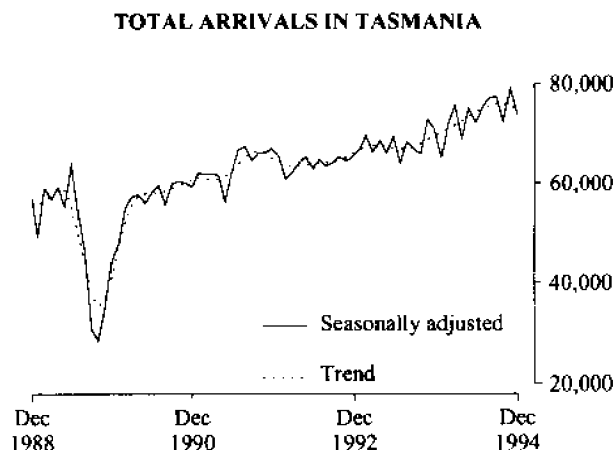


Table 33. Accommodation statistics, Tasmania

*Hotels, motels, etc. with facilities*

Period	Number of establishments	Guest rooms	Room nights		Room occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
December quarter —						
1992	175	5 133	n.a.		50.6	17 053
1993	179	5 342			54.0	18 661
1994	177	5 354			55.4	20 159
1992 —						
October	n.a.	n.a.	73 798	75 906	49.5	5 545
November	n.a.	n.a.	73 030	77 031	53.8	5 785
December	175	5 133	79 663	78 377	48.7	5 723
1993 —						
October	n.a.	n.a.	82 982	82 178	54.2	6 321
November	n.a.	n.a.	82 910	82 936	58.3	6 484
December	179	5 342	85 522	83 932	49.7	5 856
1994 —						
October	n.a.	n.a.	85 202	88 249	55.0	6 532
November	n.a.	n.a.	84 732	87 539	60.5	7 071
December	177	5 354	89 479	87 196	50.9	6 557

*Holiday units*

Period	Number of establishments	Number of units	Unit nights		Unit occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
December quarter —						
1992	44	725	n.a.		55.1	2 312
1993	50	771			53.5	2 450
1994	52	816			57.0	3 036
1992 —						
October	n.a.	n.a.	11 227	11 534	54.2	736
November	n.a.	n.a.	12 042	11 795	57.5	764
December	44	725	12 316	12 046	53.8	812
1993 —						
October	n.a.	n.a.	12 377	12 075	56.6	849
November	n.a.	n.a.	11 835	12 211	53.1	782
December	50	771	12 343	12 455	50.8	819
1994 —						
October	n.a.	n.a.	13 469	13 489	58.4	1 017
November	n.a.	n.a.	14 117	13 653	59.9	999
December	52	816	13 550	13 851	52.8	1 020

*Caravan parks*

Period	Number of establishments	Number of sites and cabins (a)	Site occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			(%)	(\$'000)
December quarter —				
1992	67	6 436	28.2	1 446
1993	68	6 425	30.1	1 589
1994	75	6 953	30.4	1 818
1992 —				
October	n.a.	n.a.	25.8	393
November	n.a.	n.a.	26.9	442
December	67	6 436	32.4	611
1993 —				
October	n.a.	n.a.	28.0	444
November	n.a.	n.a.	28.7	484
December	68	6 425	33.4	661
1994 —				
October	n.a.	n.a.	27.9	525
November	n.a.	n.a.	29.8	589
December	75	6 953	33.6	704

(a) end of quarter.

**Table 34. Registrations of new motor vehicles (a),  
Tasmania**

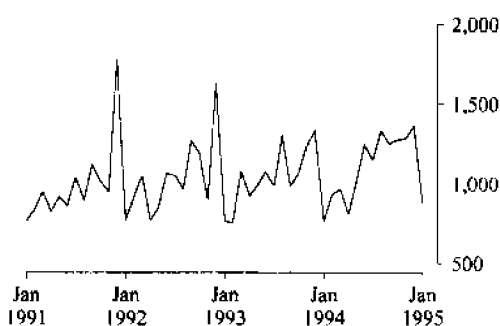
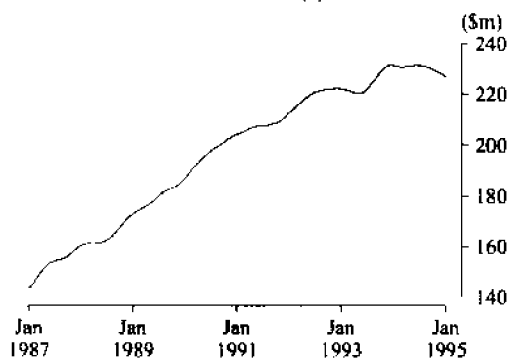
<i>Year or month</i>	<i>Passenger vehicles</i>	<i>Other vehicles (b)</i>	<i>Motor cycles</i>	<i>Total</i>
1992	9 881	2 555	371	12 807
1993	10 019	2 478	440	12 937
1994	10 543	2 837	376	13 756
1993 — January	570	195	32	797
1994 —				
January	623	143	25	791
February	734	195	38	967
March	729	238	32	999
April	591	215	30	836
May	743	274	28	1 045
June	860	383	25	1 268
July	944	208	29	1 181
August	1 089	242	33	1 364
September	1 048	199	30	1 277
October	1 024	250	26	1 300
November	1 011	269	34	1 314
December	1 146	217	48	1 411
1995 — January	679	200	35	914

(a) Includes State and Commonwealth Government-owned motor vehicles other than those belonging to the defence services. Excludes tractors, plant and equipment, caravans and trailers. (b) Comprises utilities, panel vans, rigid and articulated trucks and other truck-type vehicles (i.e. motor vehicles designed for purposes other than freight carrying, e.g. campervans, tow trucks, ambulances and hearses) and buses.

**Table 35. Turnover of retail establishments at current prices,  
Tasmania (a)**

<i>Period</i>	<i>Original (\$m)</i>	<i>Trend estimates (b)</i>	
		<i>(\$m)</i>	<i>% change from corresponding month of previous year</i>
1993 — January	222.5	222.0	4.5
1994 — January	221.6	231.5	4.3
February	211.8	231.1	4.1
March	233.6	230.8	4.2
April	220.6	231.0	4.7
May	225.9	231.3	5.0
June	217.1	231.5	4.9
July	224.0	r 231.5	r 4.3
August	220.8	r 231.3	r 3.2
September	223.2	r 230.9	r 1.9
October	224.2	r 230.0	r 0.5
November	233.7	r 229.1	r - 0.7
December	312.1	r 228.3	r - 1.4
1995 — January	220.9	p 227.3	p - 1.8

(a) Survey has been re-designed — see Information Paper (8511.0). (b) Trend estimates revised each month.

**REGISTRATIONS OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLES  
TASMANIA, JANUARY 1995  
(excluding motorcycles)**

**RETAIL TURNOVER - TREND  
Tasmania (a)**


## Major Statistical Indicators

Table 36. Major statistical indicators — Australia and State comparisons

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>Aust.(a)</i>
<b>Population</b>							
Estimated resident population, September 1994 ('000) p	6 068.9	4 482.1	3 216.5	1 471.0	1 710.0	<b>472.6</b>	17 896.7
Proportion of Australian population, September 1994 (%)	33.9	25.0	18.0	8.2	9.6	<b>2.6</b>	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to September 1994 (%)	0.9	0.4	2.5	0.4	1.7	<b>0.2</b>	1.1
<b>Labour Force</b>							
Employment growth, 12 months to February 1995 (trend series) (%)							
Males	4.4	3.8	4.0	1.1	2.9	<b>1.1</b>	3.8
Females	3.0	2.4	7.0	3.3	7.0	<b>-0.7</b>	4.2
Persons	3.8	3.2	5.3	2.0	4.6	<b>0.3</b>	3.9
Unemployment rate (trend series), February 1995 (%)	8.7	9.6	8.6	9.8	7.7	<b>11.6</b>	8.9
Unemployment growth, 12 months to February 1995 (trend series) (%)	-13.4	16.7	-10.6	-10.0	-9.5	<b>-2.7</b>	-12.6
Participation rate (trend series), February 1995 (%)	62.3	62.8	64.4	61.4	66.6	<b>60.4</b>	63.4
Average weekly overtime worked per employee, November 1994 (hours)	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.7	<b>1.2</b>	1.4
Job vacancy rate, November 1994 (%)	1.3	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	<b>1.1</b>	1.0
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to December 1994 (days per '000 employees)	113	58	135	38	51	<b>32</b>	86
<b>Wages and Prices</b>							
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees (original series) November 1994 (\$)							
Males	755.5	721.3	680.8	667.8	757.7	<b>677.9</b>	725.9
Females	597.6	574.7	536.7	572.9	538.4	<b>557.6</b>	574.6
Persons	698.0	668.2	631.2	635.9	676.7	<b>636.9</b>	671.4
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees, growth rate, 12 months to November 1994 (%)	6.4	4.7	2.5	0.8	4.7	<b>3.8</b>	4.5
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to December quarter 1994 (%)	2.8	2.1	3.2	2.8	2.3	<b>2.3</b>	2.5
<b>Building</b>							
Percentage change in the number of new residential dwelling units approved in twelve months ended January 1995, over the same period previous year	14.8	6.8	1.9	-6.6	7.4	<b>-14.0</b>	5.4
<b>Finance and Retail Trade</b>							
Percentage change in private new capital expenditure, twelve months ended September 1994, over the same period previous year	17.6	18.7	13.5	3.8	7.5	<b>-1.1</b>	13.8
Percentage change in trend estimates turnover of retail establishments, January 1995 (change from corresponding month of the previous year)	5.7	9.3	9.0	7.1	5.5	<b>-1.8</b>	7.0
<b>Transport</b>							
Percentage change in number of new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered twelve months ended January 1995, over the same period previous year	14.6	12.0	10.5	8.2	8.6	<b>8.0</b>	10.2
<b>Agriculture</b>							
Percentage change in the number of livestock slaughtered twelve months ended January 1995 over the same period previous year							
Cattle and calves	-1.3	8.2	-5.6	-3.2	1.3	<b>0.4</b>	-0.7
Sheep and lambs	9.0	2.9	-39.5	5.0	-18.5	<b>16.1</b>	0.0
<b>Tourism</b>							
Room occupancy rates for hotels, motels etc. with facilities, December quarter 1994 (%)	58.8	53.2	64.2	53.0	61.2	<b>55.4</b>	59.0
<b>Australian National and State Accounts</b>							
Percentage change in GSP (GDP), Constant Price (b) Trend Series							
June qtr 1994 to Sept qtr 1994	1.1	1.5	1.9	0.9	2.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.4
Sept qtr 1993 to Sept qtr 1994	4.7	4.9	7.1	2.0	10.2	<b>-0.2</b>	5.7

(a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT.

(b) This is the first quarter for which constant price estimates have been published.







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